

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA**

Alexandria Division

UNITED STATES

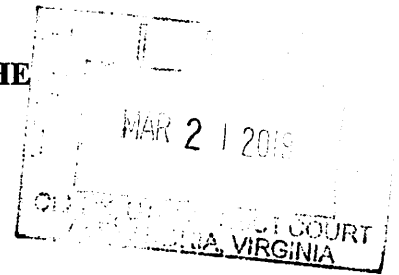
v.

DREW IMPARATO,

Defendant.

Case No. 1:19-MJ-135

UNDER SEAL



**GOVERNMENT'S MOTION TO SEAL COMPLAINT
PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 49(B)**

The United States, by and through its undersigned counsel, pursuant to Local Rule 49(B) of the Local Criminal Rules for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, asks for an Order to Seal the complaint, affidavit in support of the complaint, and arrest warrant, until the defendant has been arrested.

I. REASONS FOR SEALING (Local Rule 49(B)(1))

The United States is investigating the defendant for violations related to child exploitation and trafficking of child pornography. Premature disclosure of the charges against the defendant would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation, threaten our ability to locate and arrest the defendant, and may lead to the destruction of evidence. Disclosure of the complaint, affidavit in support of the complaint, and arrest warrant, would provide the defendant and others with a roadmap of the ongoing criminal investigation, including the identity of agents and potential witnesses involved.

II. REFERENCES TO GOVERNING CASE LAW (Local Rule 49(B)(2))

The Court has the inherent power to seal complaints and affidavits in support of

complaints. See United States v. Wuagneux, 683 F.2d 1343, 1351 (11th Cir. 1982); State of Arizona v. Maypenny, 672 F.2d 761, 765 (9th Cir. 1982); Times Mirror Company v. United States, 873 F.2d 1210 (9th Cir. 1989); see also Shea v. Gabriel, 520 F.2d 879 (1st Cir. 1975); United States v. Hubbard, 650 F.2d 293 (D.C. Cir. 1980); In re Broughton, 520 F.2d 765, 766 (9th Cir. 1975). "The trial court has supervisory power over its own records and may, in its discretion, seal documents if the public's right of access is outweighed by competing interests." In re Knight Pub. Co., 743 F.2d 231, 235 (4th Cir. 1984). Sealing the complaint and affidavit in support of the complaint is appropriate where there is a substantial probability that the release of the sealed documents would compromise the government's on-going investigation severely. See e.g. In re Search Warrant for Secretarial Area Outside Office of Gunn, 855 F.2d 569, 574 (8th Cir. 1988); Matter of Eye Care Physicians of America, 100 F.3d 514, 518 (7th Cir. 1996); Matter of Flower Aviation of Kansas, Inc., 789 F. Supp. 366 (D. Kan. 1992).

III. PERIOD OF TIME GOVERNMENT SEEKS TO HAVE MATTER REMAIN UNDER SEAL (Local Rule 49(B)(3))

The complaint, affidavit in support of the complaint, and arrest warrant would need to remain sealed until the defendant named above has been arrested. After the defendant has been arrested, pursuant to Local Rule 49(B)(3), the sealed materials will be automatically unsealed and handled as such.

The United States has considered alternatives less drastic than sealing and has found none that would suffice to protect this investigation. The United States will move to unseal the documents before they are set to become automatically unsealed if it determines that circumstances warrant such action.

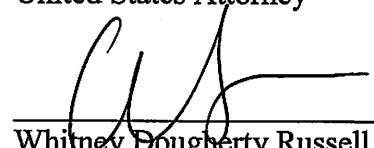
WHEREFORE, the United States respectfully requests that the complaint, affidavit in support of the complaint, arrest warrant, and this Motion to Seal and proposed Order be sealed

until the defendant named above has been arrested.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Zachary Terwilliger
United States Attorney

By:



Whitney Dougherty Russell
Assistant U.S. Attorney